

## New Trends in Pragmatics Assessment Research: An Introduction

Jorge Beltrán and Michelle L. Stabler-Havener

*Teachers College, Columbia University*

Even though it can be argued that pragmatics is an important element of the second language (L2) assessment research agenda, a number of challenges have consistently surfaced in this field. For example, adequate coverage of the construct has been consistently formidable, particularly considering that many studies take an atomistic view of pragmatics through their focus on speech acts rather than on contextualized language use (Roever, 2010). Likewise, issues of practicality and benchmarking remain underdeveloped, and understanding regarding the hierarchy of different types of pragmatic meanings continues to be limited (Roever, 2012, 2014). However, in recent years, there have been several attempts to expand our understanding of L2 pragmatics. As illustration, new models of pragmatic ability have been proposed (Purpura, 2017; Timpe-Laughlin, Wain, & Schmidgall, 2015), and it is hoped that these theoretical developments lead to practical applications in L2 pragmatics research and pedagogy.

The Applied Linguistics and TESOL Program at Teachers College, Columbia University (TCCU) is no exception when it comes to pursuing the pragmatics research agenda, and both professors and students have developed projects to further research in this area. For example, four doctoral students in the Second Language Assessment Track are currently conducting research on various aspects of L2 pragmatics as part of their dissertation. Moreover, Dr. James Purpura (2017) recently revised his model of pragmatic ability, and Dr. Kirby Grabowski (2009, 2013, 2016) offered a course on L2 Pragmatics Assessment, which resulted in the piloting of various instruments, one of which is included in this forum.

In an effort to share insights on the need for the exploration of new directions in pragmatics assessment research, for this issue's forum we invited doctoral students in the Applied Linguistics Second Language Assessment Track at TCCU to share some of the work that they have done in this area. First, Brian Carroll provides an overview of L2 pragmatics research and problematizes the construct definition in this area. Then, Jorge Beltrán discusses the findings of a pilot study that was developed following Dr. Purpura's (2017) meaning-based model of pragmatic ability. We hope that you enjoy reading their contributions.

## REFERENCES

- Grabowski, K. C. (2009). *Investigating the construct validity of a test designed to measure grammatical and pragmatic knowledge in the context of speaking* (Unpublished doctoral dissertation). Teachers College, Columbia University, New York, NY.
- Grabowski, K. (2013). Investigating the construct validity of a role-play test designed to measure grammatical and pragmatic knowledge at multiple proficiency levels. In S. J. Ross & G. Kasper (Eds.), *Assessing second language pragmatics* (pp. 149–171). London, UK: Palgrave Macmillan.

- Grabowski, K. (2016). Assessing pragmatic competence. In D. Tsagari & J. Banerjee (Eds.), *Handbook of second language assessment* (pp. 166–180). Berlin, Germany: DeGruyter Mouton.
- Purpura, J. E., (2017). Assessing meaning. In E. Shohamy, L. Or, & S. May (Eds.), *Language testing and assessment: Encyclopedia of language and education* (pp. 33–61). New York, NY: Springer International Publishing. doi: 10.1007/978-3-319-02326-7\_1-1
- Roever, C. (2010). Effects of cultural background in a test of ESL pragmalinguistics: A DIF approach. In G. Kasper, H. T. Nguyen, D. R. Yoshimi, & J. K. Yoshioka (Eds.), *Pragmatics language learning* (Vol. 12, pp. 187–212). Honolulu, HI: National Foreign Language Resource Center, University of Hawai'i at Manoa.
- Roever, C. (2012). Assessment of pragmatics. In C. A. Chapelle (Ed.), *The encyclopedia of applied linguistics* (pp. 1–8). John Wiley & Sons, Inc. doi: 10.1002/9781405198431.wbeal0049
- Roever, C. (2014). Assessing pragmatics. In A. J. Kunnan (Ed.), *The companion to language assessment* (1<sup>st</sup> ed., pp.125–139). Somerset, NJ: John Wiley & Sons, Inc. doi: 10.1002/9781118411360.wbcla057
- Timpe-Laughlin, V., Wain, J., & Schmidgall, J. (2015). *Defining and operationalizing the construct of pragmatic competence: Review and recommendations*. (Research Memorandum No. RR-15-06). Princeton, NJ: Educational Testing Service.

Jorge Beltrán is a doctoral student in the Applied Linguistics program at Teachers College, Columbia University (TCCU), specializing in second language assessment. He has taught EFL, ESL, and Spanish in various contexts. He has presented his research at important conferences such as AAAL and LTRC. His research interests include scenario-based assessment, learning-oriented assessment, assessment of speaking ability, construct validation, and performance-based assessment. Correspondence should be sent to him via email: [jl2262@tc.columbia.edu](mailto:jl2262@tc.columbia.edu)

Michelle Stabler-Havener is a doctoral student in Applied Linguistics with a concentration in second language assessment at Teachers College, Columbia University (TCCU), and a consultant for Educational Testing Service. She taught Second Language Assessment for Azusa Pacific University's MA TESOL program. She also served as a Senior English Language Fellow for the U.S. Department of State and a Teaching Fellow for TCCU's Community Language Program. Her research interests include language assessment literacy, classroom-based assessment, and teacher education. Correspondence should be sent to her via email: [mls2262@tc.columbia.edu](mailto:mls2262@tc.columbia.edu)